

=> d 15 1-21 ti

- L5 ANSWER 1 OF 21 MEDLINE  
TI Human cytomegalovirus immediate-early gene 2 expression leads to JCV replication in nonpermissive cells via transcriptional activation of JCV T antigen.
- L5 ANSWER 2 OF 21 MEDLINE  
TI The adeno-associated virus type 2 regulatory proteins rep78 and rep68 interact with the transcriptional coactivator PC4.
- L5 ANSWER 3 OF 21 MEDLINE  
TI Discrimination between different types of human adeno-associated viruses in clinical samples by PCR.
- L5 ANSWER 4 OF 21 MEDLINE  
TI Sequence elements of the adeno-associated virus rep gene required for suppression of herpes-simplex-virus-induced DNA amplification.
- L5 ANSWER 5 OF 21 MEDLINE  
TI Cell lines inducibly expressing the adeno-associated virus (AAV) rep gene: requirements for productive replication of rep-negative AAV mutants.
- L5 ANSWER 6 OF 21 MEDLINE  
TI Human herpesvirus 6 (HHV-6) is a helper virus for adeno-associated virus type 2 (AAV-2) and the AAV-2 rep gene homologue in HHV-6 can mediate AAV-2 DNA replication and regulate gene expression.
- L5 ANSWER 7 OF 21 MEDLINE  
TI Human cytomegalovirus induces JC virus DNA replication in human fibroblasts.
- L5 ANSWER 8 OF 21 MEDLINE  
TI Adeno-associated virus type 2-mediated inhibition of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) replication: involvement of p78rep/p68rep and the HIV-1 long terminal repeat.
- L5 ANSWER 9 OF 21 MEDLINE  
TI Replication of the human immunodeficiency virus type 1 is inhibited by the adeno-associated virus rep gene.
- L5 ANSWER 10 OF 21 MEDLINE  
TI A subset of herpes simplex virus replication genes provides helper functions for productive adeno-associated virus replication.
- L5 ANSWER 11 OF 21 MEDLINE  
TI Herpes simplex virus type 1 mutants for the origin-binding protein induce DNA amplification in the absence of viral replication.
- L5 ANSWER 12 OF 21 MEDLINE  
TI Potentiation of carcinogen-induced methotrexate resistance and dihydrofolate reductase gene amplification by inhibitors of poly(adenosine diphosphate-ribose) polymerase.
- L5 ANSWER 13 OF 21 MEDLINE  
TI Infection with adeno-associated virus type 5 inhibits mutagenicity of herpes simplex virus type 1 or 4-nitroquinoline-1-oxide.
- L5 ANSWER 14 OF 21 MEDLINE  
TI The adeno-associated virus rep gene suppresses herpes simplex virus-induced DNA amplification.

L5 ANSWER 15 OF 21 MEDLINE  
TI A subset of herpes simplex virus replication genes induces DNA amplification within the host cell genome.

L5 ANSWER 16 OF 21 MEDLINE  
TI DNA amplification of adeno-associated virus as a response to cellular genotoxic stress.

L5 ANSWER 17 OF 21 MEDLINE  
TI Genomic localization, sequence analysis, and transcription of the putative human cytomegalovirus DNA polymerase gene.

L5 ANSWER 18 OF 21 MEDLINE  
TI Selective DNA-amplification induced by carcinogens (initiators): evidence for a role of proteases and DNA polymerase alpha.

L5 ANSWER 19 OF 21 MEDLINE  
TI Selective killing of carcinogen-treated SV40-transformed Chinese hamster cells by a defective parvovirus.

L5 ANSWER 20 OF 21 MEDLINE  
TI Inhibition of initiator-induced SV40 gene amplification in SV40-transformed Chinese hamster cells by infection with a defective parvovirus.

L5 ANSWER 21 OF 21 MEDLINE  
TI The glucose/glucose-6-phosphate cycle in the periportal and perivenous zone of rat liver.

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 08:34:57 ON 09 OCT 2002)

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 08:35:06 ON 09 OCT 2002

|    |                               |
|----|-------------------------------|
| L1 | 68 S REP AND CAP              |
| L2 | 1228 S ADENO ASSOCIATED VIRUS |
| L3 | 999 S "AAV"                   |
| L4 | 22006 S HERPESVIRUS           |